

Nepal - National Population Census 1981

**Central Bureau of Statistics - National Planning Commission Secretariat, His
Majesty's Government**

Report generated on: September 1, 2016

Visit our data catalog at: <http://cbs.gov.np/nada/index.php>

Overview

Identification

ID NUMBER
NPL-CBS-NPC-1981-v0

Version

VERSION DESCRIPTION
Version 0: Microdata is not available

Overview

ABSTRACT

The ancient history of Nepal is assumed to have begun in 750 B.C. and ended in 250 A.D. During that period Kirats ruled the country. But no written record of this is available. Early history of Nepal had witnessed the establishment of a number of beleaguered dynasties and principalities scattered in the fertile valleys of Kathmandu and Pokhara and in the river basins of the Karnali and the Gandaki. Although some others dynasties survived for a short period of time, others ruled for centuries. The Lichhavi dynasty, for instance, lasted over four centuries (464-879 A.D.). Another great dynasty-the Malla-Dynasty-had established itself in Kathmandu valley around the 13th century, and lasted over five hundred years. The divided and hostile principalities and kingdoms were finally consolidated in 1769 under king Prithivi Narayan Shah and his successors to become the modern nation of Nepal. Socially and economically, however, the modern era in Nepal's history has started with the revival of the national aspirations of the poor countries in Asia after the Second World War. These aspirations were mainly concerned with acquiring independence, and emancipation from the perpetual state of ignorance, poverty and political stress. Failing to democratize the regime and to bring about educational, social and economic reforms in the country, the Rana Regime was finally thrown out by the joint efforts of the King and people of Nepal in 1951. Within the frame of the open policy with other nations, Nepal has been able to implement four economic development plans, with the cooperation of several countries and International Agencies. The fifth economic development plan (1975-80) has placed special priority on agricultural development as infrastructure for future industrial development and also has laid emphasis on industrialization of the country than the previous plans.

The objectives of the 1981 Population Census were:

1. to provide data for small administrative areas of the country on population, housing and household facilities,
2. to provide sex disaggregated data of the population and other variables related to households, demographic, social and economic conditions of the country, and
3. to provide detailed information on women, children, the aged and the disabled.
4. to determine the prevailing trends and characteristics of population change, namely, age structure, mortality, fertility, education and labour force.

The 1981 census contained the following items as the content of the census;

Individual Questionnaire :

Name of the family members, Relation with household head, Sex, Age, Birth place, Citizenship, Mother tongue, Religion, Educational attainment, Marital Status, Economic activities, Profession

Household Questionnaire :

Name of the household head, Number of present members of the households- total, male, female, Number of absentee members of the households- total, male, female, Place of absentee and reason of leaving, Number of deaths in the households in the past 12 months-male and female, Physical and mental disabilities, Number of radios in the households, Economic activities (agriculture and cottage industries).

KIND OF DATA

Census/enumeration data [cen]

UNITS OF ANALYSIS

Individual and Household

Scope

NOTES

The scope of the 1981 Population Census of Nepal includes:

HOUSEHOLD:

Household characteristics, household listing, household head, present members of the households, absentee members of the households, Number of deaths in the households, Physical and mental disabilities

radios in the households, Economic activities (agriculture and cottage industries)

INDIVIDUAL:

Household members, Relation with household head, Sex, Age, Birth place, Citizenship, Mother tongue, Religion, Educational attainment, Marital Status, Economic activities and Profession

Coverage

GEOGRAPHIC COVERAGE

National Coverage

Zone

Districts

Town/ Village Panchayat

UNIVERSE

The census covered all de jure household members (usual residents) in private households.

Producers and Sponsors

PRIMARY INVESTIGATOR(S)

Name	Affiliation
Central Bureau of Statistics	National Planning Commission Secretariat, His Majesty's Government

OTHER PRODUCER(S)

Name	Affiliation	Role
Central Bureau of Statistics	National Planning Commission Secretariat, His Majesty's Government	

FUNDING

Name	Abbreviation	Role
His Majesty's Government	HMG	

OTHER ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Name	Affiliation	Role
Dr. Rafiqul Huda Chaudhury	UNDTCD	Advisory role on Demography
Mr. H. N. Mulepati	UNFPA	Preparing the manuscript of the Population Monograph

Metadata Production

METADATA PRODUCED BY

Name	Abbreviation	Affiliation	Role
Central Bureau of Statistics	CBS	National Planning Commission Secretariat, His Majesty's Nepal	Metadata Documentation of the Census

DATE OF METADATA PRODUCTION

2012-03-12

DDI DOCUMENT VERSION

Version 1 (March 2012)

DDI DOCUMENT ID

DDI-NPL-CBS-NPC-1981-V01

Sampling

Sampling Procedure

Not applicable to complete enumeration.

Questionnaires

Overview

The census questionnaire is the ultimate field document from which all data are compiled. Needless to say that the simpler is the questionnaire designed the greater will be the level of accuracy and easier the counting procedures and coding and editing of the items. The questionnaire used in 1981 census was pre-coded. The purpose of pre-coding was initially to minimize the answers to be written so that further editing and coding processes would also be minimized.

Individual Questionnaire :

The individual characteristics questionnaire was more comprehensive in 1981 than in 1971. The items asked in individual schedule in 1981 census are,

1. Zone
2. District
3. Urban/Village Panchyat
4. Ward no.
5. House no.
6. Households serial number
7. Enumerators name
8. Enumeration date
9. Supervisor`s name and signature
10. Name of the family members
11. Relation with household head
12. Sex
13. Age
14. Birth place
15. Citizenship
16. Mother tongue
17. Religion
18. Educational attainment
19. Marital Status
20. Economic activities
21. Profession

Household Questionnaire :

The household characteristics questionnaire was also more comprehensive in 1981 than in 1971. The items asked in household schedule in 1981 census are,

1. Zone
2. District
3. Urban/Village Panchyat
4. Ward no.
5. House no.
6. Households serial number
7. Enumerators name
8. Enumeration date
9. Supervisor`s name and signature
10. Name of the household head
11. Number of present members of the households- total, male, female
12. Number of absentee members of the households- total, male, female
13. Place of absentee and reason of leaving
14. Number of deaths in the households in the past 12 months-male and female
15. Physical and mental disabilities
16. Number of radios in the households
17. Economic activities (agriculture and cottage industries)
18. Signature of the respondents

In order to simplify the job of editing and coding many of the items both in household and individual schedules were preceded. But there are some unavoidable problems with preceded answers. First, they make the questionnaires too long and unwieldy. This has what exactly happened with the 1981 questionnaires. One questionnaire is 21" long and 15.5" wide

which is certainly too clumsy to carry around and complete. Secondly, in pre-coded questions the respondent is given a limited number of answers from which to choose which can often conceal information. Finally, once a tick has been put on the preceded answer there would be no way to check whether the interviewer did it correctly or not. It is, of course, necessary to have some answers preceded such as, "yes" or "No" type answers and some multiple choice responses but not at the cost of limiting response categories.

Data Collection

Data Collection Dates

Start	End	Cycle
1981-06-05	1981-06-22	N/A

Time Periods

Start	End	Cycle
1981-06-22	1981-06-22	N/A

Data Collection Mode

Face-to-face [f2f]

Data Collection Notes

1. Planning and Organization of the Census :

The legal provision for conducting periodic population censuses was made available in the Statistical Act 2015 dated 18 Marga 2015, of which clause number (4) has left the decision for compiling statistics on any topic to a written order, from His Majesty's Government. For each census conducted in Nepal by the Central Bureau of Statistics, a special Notice was issued in the Official Gazette defining the census organization, the responsibilities of the governmental and private institutions. They were to cooperate in an utmost and helpful manner with the Central Bureau of Statistics in providing all possible assistance to the Statistical Officers deputized by the C.B.S. for conducting the census.

Section (4) of the Statistical Act (2015) provides that "....HMG through a written Notice can order the compilation of data on any affairto specify the schedules for the compilation of necessary information..... and appoint or nominate authorized officers for the purpose of collecting such data"

The Act obligates the individuals of any community under a written request to supply any information or data under their possession as specified in the order.

On the other hand, the Act has strictly guaranteed the confidentiality of all information provided to the officers, under section 8 ("..... the information collected under sections 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7, regarding the individual family, household or company or parts thereof, should not be divulged, directly or indirectly, to any person except the Director or the Officers of Department without a written approval of the person concerned"). This status closely follows the United Nation's recommendation for census legislation as set out in "Principles and Recommendations for National Population Censuses". (ST/STAT/SER.M/44) which state: "Legal authority for the census is required for fixing primary administrative responsibility, for obtaining the necessary funds, for determining the general scope and timing of the census and for placing a legal obligation upon the public" "The principle of conceptual and organizational flexibility should be observed in drafting the census legislation. Thus, the inclusion of too rigid provisions regarding the type of data to be collected, or the structure and relationships of the various parts of the census organization are undesirable"

2. Preparation and Administration :

In 1981 attempts at improving the quality of the field work were made by increasing the ratio of supervisors to enumerators. This is further discussed in the section on Supervision below.

One other new feature of the 1981 census was that maps for all village Panchayats and ward level maps of the urban areas were prepared and used for the census operation. This eased the task of enumeration and supervision of census field work considerably. In this census also data was collected at ward level. However, details of the census data was published up to district level only. Some data was also made available at the Panchayat level. This included the total population and household counts only.

Each census operation was carried out in two stages. In the first stage, the supervisors were engaged to prepare a household list as comprehensively and accurately as possible and this was followed by the actual enumeration at the second stage by the enumerators. The coverage of the population census depends to a large extent on the accuracy of the household list. The household list was used as a guide by the enumerators. The household schedule prior to 1981 collected the following conventional information: the serial number of the household, the name of the head of the household, the number of family members by sex and the name of the village. However, the household schedule of 1981 collected additional information such as morbidity and mortality, internal and external migration and the principal occupation of the head of the household, etc. This information when cross classified with other socio-economic data, collected at the level of the individual, would provide a unique opportunity to measure socio-economic differentials on various aspects of life.

The decennial censuses of the population of Nepal have been taken on a modified DE JURE basis since 1952/54. Every person was counted on the basis of his/her usual residence. The usual residence of a person means the place where he/she has been living at least for six months continuously. Visitors, i. e. those who have been living at a place for less than six months were counted in their usual place of residence rather than at their current place of residence. The inmates of prison, the students in a hostel and the armed forces in their barracks were counted as the residents of the places where they were found. Homeless people such as beggars, sages, hermits and vagrants, i. e. persons without any fixed household, were enumerated where they were found. Nepali nationals living in foreign countries for six months and above were considered as absentees. Members of foreign diplomatic missions located in Nepal were excluded from the enumeration. However, foreign nationals other than those working in diplomatic missions who had been staying in Nepal at least for six months were included in the enumeration. Foreign nationals visiting during the entire enumeration period were excluded.

3. The Census Day :

The Census Day (CD) i.e. the last day of census was the 28th May (15th Jyestha) for the census of 1952/54. But for each of the succeeding censuses this was the 22nd June (8th Asadh).

4. Post-enumeration Survey :

About one month after the complete enumeration, post-enumeration survey (PES) began but because the manpower involved was not different from the main census operation, the quality of the PES data was highly suspect. Also the rainy season had just begun which made the situation worse in the hills and mountains. In addition, it was found by external experts that the design and the questionnaire of the PES were not well thought out. For all these reasons no use was made of PES data to evaluate the total enumeration in 1981 .

Questionnaires

The census questionnaire is the ultimate field document from which all data are compiled. Needless to say that the simpler is the questionnaire designed the greater will be the level of accuracy and easier the counting procedures and coding and editing of the items. The questionnaire used in 1981 census was pre-coded. The purpose of pre-coding was initially to minimize the answers to be written so that further editing and coding processes would also be minimized.

Individual Questionnaire :

The individual characteristics questionnaire was more comprehensive in 1981 than in 1971. The items asked in individual schedule in 1981 census are,

1. Zone
2. District
3. Urban/Village Panchyat
4. Ward no.
5. House no.
6. Households serial number
7. Enumerators name
8. Enumeration date
9. Supervisor`s name and signature
10. Name of the family members
11. Relation with household head
12. Sex
13. Age
14. Birth place

15. Citizenship
16. Mother tongue
17. Religion
18. Educational attainment
19. Marital Status
20. Economic activities
21. Profession

Household Questionnaire :

The household characteristics questionnaire was also more comprehensive in 1981 than in 1971. The items asked in household schedule in 1981 census are,

1. Zone
2. District
3. Urban/Village Panchyat
4. Ward no.
5. House no.
6. Households serial number
7. Enumerators name
8. Enumeration date
9. Supervisor`s name and signature
10. Name of the household head
11. Number of present members of the households- total, male, female
12. Number of absentee members of the households- total, male, female
13. Place of absentee and reason of leaving
14. Number of deaths in the households in the past 12 months-male and female
15. Physical and mental disabilities
16. Number of radios in the households
17. Economic activities (agriculture and cottage industries)
18. Signature of the respondents

In order to simplify the job of editing and coding many of the items both in household and individual schedules were preceded. But there are some unavoidable problems with preceded answers. First, they make the questionnaires too long and unwieldy. This has what exactly happened with the 1981 questionnaires. One questionnaire is 21" long and 15.5" wide which is certainly too clumsy to carry around and complete. Secondly, in pre-coded questions the respondent is given a limited number of answers from which to choose which can often conceal information. Finally, once a tick has been put on the preceded answer there would be no way to check whether the interviewer did it correctly or not. It is, of course, necessary to have some answers preceded such as, "yes" or "No" type answers and some multiple choice responses but not at the cost of limiting response categories.

Data Collectors

Name	Abbreviation	Affiliation
Central Bureau of Statistics	CBS	Government of Nepal

Supervision

In 1981 attempts at improving the quality of the field work were made by increasing the ratio of supervisors to enumerators. The number of enumerators, supervisors and assistant supervisors was 15,000, 150 and 1,500 respectively. Though the ratio (enumerators to supervisors) still worked out to be 1 to 10 in 1981 it must be remembered that it was about 3 times higher than it was in 1971. However, the volume of work of a supervisor had also increased with the increase of population from 11.56 million in 1971 to 15.02 million in 1981. Each assistant supervisor was in charge of approximately two Panchayats and on an average looked after the work of 10 enumerators. Each enumerator covered not more than three wards depending upon the size of the population and the area of the ward. There were 2,935 Panchayats and 26,537 wards in 1981. In addition to this increase in the ratio of supervisors to enumerators the census work was so organized that for the first time in the history of census taking each administrative district of the kingdom had a separate census office headed by an officer, known as a District Census Officer. The district officer was assisted by one supervisor and the latter in turn was assisted by a score of assistant supervisors. The district officers and the supervisors were rigorously trained for about 2 months in various aspects of census taking at headquarters while the assistant supervisors were recruited locally and trained at the district headquarters by the district census officer and supervisor. The enumerators were recruited locally and trained at the

district headquarters by assistant supervisors. However, the educational qualification of the enumerators remained consistently low, i.e. the ability to read and write only.

Data Processing

Data Editing

A primary check on major inconsistencies was done by the field supervisors on the spot in order to tally the household schedule with the census questionnaire. The completed schedules were then returned to the headquarters from the field where further editing and coding procedures were completed by the supervisors. It was expected that a considerable proportion of unknown category will come about particularly regarding age, economic status, and other items. Regarding age some method was elaborated in pointing out a direct relationship between age and certain major events occurring during the last six or seven decades from which the enumerator, if the respondent fails to estimate his age, could deduce the respondent's approximate age. It was thought that this method would ultimately give a better estimate of ages, instead of obtaining a very big category of unknown ages. Admittedly, this procedure had, to some extent given the enumerator, the liberty to estimate the respondent's age within the limits of a wide range, particularly, adult ages. The edited schedules were then sent for coding operation. For coding 20 supervisors and 200 coders were employed. The job was completed in less than 9 months.

Other Processing

Although editing and coding were done promptly, transcription of data on to computer disc was delayed for almost a year. The main reasons were as follows:

- a) Main frame is being changed from IBM to ICL system,
- b) Physical facilities like concrete building, air-conditioning system, etc. for installing the newly acquired ICL computer were not quite ready.

It is, therefore, not surprising that data processing took 3.5 years compared to only 1.5 years to process the 1971 census data when the computer facility was ready for use.

Time taken by Census Processing :

Census year	Number of years	Processing Type
1952/54	2	Manual
1961	4.5	Manual
1971	1.5	Computer
1981	3.5*	Computer

* However, if the time of data processing is computed from the time of functioning of the newly acquired ICL machine, this is estimated to be less than one year.

Data entry done using the ICL system. However, it took 3.5 to complete data entry the main frame was undergoing transition from IBM to the ICL system.

Data Appraisal

Estimates of Sampling Error

Not applicable to a complete enumeration.

File Description

Variable List

Documentation

Questionnaires

Population Census of Nepal 1981, Questionnaire

Title	Population Census of Nepal 1981, Questionnaire
Author(s)	Central Bureau of Statistics
Date	1981-05-01
Country	Nepal
Language	Nepali
Publisher(s)	Central Bureau of Statistics
Description	These are the questionnaires of the 1981 Population Census of Nepal.
Table of contents	Form 1 : Individual Questionnaire Form 2 : Household Questionnaire
Filename	Questionnaire1981.zip

Other materials

National Population Census 1981, Population Monograph

Title	National Population Census 1981, Population Monograph
Author(s)	Central Bureau of Statistics
Date	1987-01-01
Country	Nepal
Language	Nepali
Contributor(s)	UNDTCD UNFPA
Publisher(s)	Central Bureau of Statistics
Description	This is the analytical report based on the data obtained from Population Census of Nepal 1981 INTRODUCTION CHANGE IN SIZE AND GROWTH OF POPULATION GEOGRAPHICAL DISTRIBUTION AND GROWTH OF POPULATION AGE AND SEX COMPOSITION MOTHER TONGUE AND RELIGIOUS COMPOSITION NUPTIALITY TRENDS, DIFFERENTIALS AND DETERMINANTS POPULATION GROWTH AND EDUCATION DEVELOPMENT INTERNAL MIGRATION URBANIZATION
Table of contents	ECONOMIC ACTIVITY OF THE POPULATION FEMALE STATUS ESTIMATES OF FERTILITY AND MORTALITY TRENDS AND DIFFERENTIALS IN FERTILITY IN NEPAL TRENDS AND DIFFERENTIALS IN MORTALITY POPULATION POLICY AND FAMILY PLANNING SOURCES AND QUALITIES OF DEMOGRAPHIC DATA APPENDIXES CORRIGENDUM
Filename	Monograph1981.zip

National Population Census 1981, Statistical Table Volume I

Title	National Population Census 1981, Statistical Table Volume I
Author(s)	Central Bureau of Statistics
Country	Nepal
Language	Nepali
Publisher(s)	Central Bureau of Statistics
Description	This is the statistical table volume 1 of the Population Census of Nepal 1981

Part 1 :

- Table 1 : Population In Households, Total Households And Average Household Size For Development Regions, Zones And Districts
 Table 2 : Number Of Households By Size For Development Regions, Zones And Districts.
 Table 3 : Population Distribution By Sex, Area In Aquare Kilometers And Density For Development Regions, Zones And Districts
 Table 4 : Population Distribution By Single Year Of Age And Sex For Development Regions, Zones And Districts
 Table 5 : Population By Five -Year Age Groups And Sex For Development Regions, Zones And Districts
 Table 6 : Number Of Localities By Size Of Population And Sex For Development Regions, Zones And Districts

Part 2 :

- Table 7 : Population Distribution By Place Of Birth And Sex For Development Regions, Zone And Districts.
 Table 8 : Foreign Born Population By Age, Sex, Birth Place And Duration Of Stay In Nepal For Development Regions, Zones And Districts.
 Table 81 : Foreign Born Population By Age, Sex, Birth Place And Duration Of Stay In Nepal For Development Regions, Zones And Districts (Continued).
 Table 82 : Foreign Born Population By Age, Sex, Birth Place And Duration Of Stay In Nepal For Development Regions, Zones And Districts (Continued).
 Table 9 : Foreign Born Population By Age, Sex, Birth Place And Duration Of Stay In The Present Place Of Residence For Development Regions, Zones And Districts.
 Table 91 : Foreign Born Population By Age, Sex, Birth Place And Duration Of Stay In The Present Place Of Residence For Development Regions, Zones And Districts
 Table 92 : Foreign Born Population By Age, Sex, Birth Place And Duration Of Stay In Nepal For Development Regions, Zones And Districts (Continued
 Table 10 : Foreign Born Population By Age, Sex, Birth Place And Reasons Of Stay In The Present Place Of Residence For Development Regions, Zones And Districts.
 Table 101 : Foreign Born Population By Age, Sex, Birth Place And Reasons Of Stay In The Present Place Of Residence For Development Regions, Zones And Districts (Continued)
 Table 102 : Foreign Born Population By Age, Sex, Birth Place And Reasons Of Stay In The Present Place Of Residence For Development Regions, Zones And Districts (Continued).

Part 3 :

- Table 11 : Citizenship Of Population By Age And Sex For Development Regions Zones And Districts.
 Table 12 : Population By Mother Tongue Age And Sex For Development Regions Zones And Districts
 Table 13 : Total Population By Religion And Sex For Development Regions Zones And Districts.

Part 4 :

- Table 14 : Population 6 Years Of Age And Over By Literacy, Age And Sex For Development Regions, Zones And Districts
 Table 15 : Population 6 Years Of Age And Over By Educational Attainment (Level Passed) Age And Sex For Development Regions, Zones And Districts
 Table 16 : Population 10 Years Of Age And Over By Age Sex And Marital Status For Development Regions Zibes Abd Districts.
 Table 17 : Famale Population 10 Years Of Age And Over Reportang Number Of Children Ever Born By Age Of Mother For Development Regions, Zones Districts.

Table of contents

- Table 18 : Female Population 10 Years Of Age And Over Reportings Number Of Childern Ever Born By Level Of Educational Attainment For Development Regions, Zones And Districts.
 Table 19 : Female Population 10 Years Of Age And Over Repotring Number Of Childern Still Alive By Age Of Mother For Evelopmet Regions, Zones And Districts.
 Table 20 : Table 20 Children Born Alive In 2037 B.S. By Age Of Mother, For Women 10 Years And Above For Development Regions, Zones And Districts

Part 5 :

- Table 21 : Economic Activity Of Population 10 Years Of Age And Over By Age And Sex For Development Region, Zones And Districts
 Table 22: Reasons For Economically Not Active Population 10 Years Of Age And Over For Development Regions, Zones And Districts Reasons For Remaining Not Active
 Table 23 : Major Occupation Group Of Economically Active Population 10 Years Of Age And Over By Age And Sex For Development Regions, Zones And Districts.
 Table 24 : Major Industry Group Of Economically Active Population 10 Years O F Age And Over By Age And Sex For Development Regions, Zones And Districts.
 Table 25 : Employment Status Of Economically Active Population 10 Years Of Age And Over By Ageand Sex For Development Regions, Zones And Districts.

Part 6 :

- Table 26 : Major Occupation Gruoup Of Educational Attainmet (Level Passed For Economically. Active Population 10 Years Of Age And Over By Sex For Development Regions, Zones And Districts.
 Table 27 : Major Industry Group By Educational Attainment (Level Passed) For Economically Active Population 10 Years Of Age And Over By Sex For Development Regions, Zones And Districts.
 Table 28 : Marital Status By Economic Activity For Male Population 10 Years Of Age And Over By Age For Development Regions, Zones And Districts.
 Table 29 : Marital Status By Economic Activity For Female Population 10 Ears Of Age And Over By Age For Development Regions, Zones And Districts.

Part 7 :

- Able 30 :Material Status By Major Occupation Group For Economically Active Population 10 Years Of Age And Over By Sex For Development Regions , Zones And Districts.
 Able 31 :Economically Active Male Population 10 Years Ofage And Over By Major Occupation Group And Industry Division For Development Regions, And Districts.
 Able 32 :Economically Active Female Population 10 Years Of Age And Over By Major Occupation Group And Industry Division For Development Regions, Zones And Districts.
 Able 33 :Employment Status Of Economically Active Population 10 Years Of Age And Over By Major Occupation Group And Sex For Development Regions,Zones And Districts.
 Able 34 :Employment Status Of Economically Active Population 10 Years Of Age And Over By Major Industry Group And Sex For Development Regions,Zones And Districts.

Filename Statistical Table1981 VolumeI.zip

National Population Census 1981, Statistical Table Volume II

Title	National Population Census 1981, Statistical Table Volume II
Author(s)	Central Bureau of Statistics
Country	Nepal
Language	Nepali
Publisher(s)	Central Bureau of Statistics
Description	This is the statistical table volume II of the Population Census of Nepal 1981

TABLE 1 : POPULATION IN HOUSEHOLDS, TOTAL HOUSEHOLDS AND AVERAGE HOUSEHOLD SIZE FOR GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS

TABLE 2 : NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS BY SIZE FOR GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS

TABLE 3 : POPULATION, AREA IN SQUARE KILOMETERS AND DENSITY FOR GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS.

TABLE 4 : POPULATION DISTRIBUTION BY SINGLE YEAR OF AGE AND SEX FOR GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS

TABLE 5 : POPULATION BY FIVE-YEAR AGE GROUPS AND SEX FOR GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS

TABLE 6 : NUMBER OF LOCALITIES BY SIZE OF POPULATION AND SEX FOR GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS..

TABLE 7 : POPULATION DISTRIBUTION BY PLACE OF BIRTH AND SEX FOR GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS.

TABLE 8 : NATIVE POPULATION WHOSE PLACE OF BIRTH IS DIFFERENT FROM PLACE OF ENUMERATION BY AGE , SEX BIRTH PLACE AND DURATION OF STAY IN THE PRESENT PLACE OF RESIDENCE FOR GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS.DURATION OF STAY IN THE PRESENT PLACE OF RESIDENCE AND BIRTH PLACE

TABLE 9 : NATIVE POPULATION WHOSE PLACE OF BIRTH IS DIFFERENT FROM PLACE OF ENUMERATION BY AGE , SEX BIRTH PLACE AND REASONS OF STAY IN THE PRESENT PLACE OF RESIDENCE FOR GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS.

TABLE 10 : CITIZENSHIP OF POPULATION BY AGE AND SEX FOR GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS .

TABLE 11 : POPULATION BY MOTHER TONGUE, AGE AND SEX FOR GEOGRAPHIC REGION

TABLE 12 : TOTAL POPULATION BY RELIGION AND SEX FOR GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS .

TABLE 13 : POPULATION BY FIVE-YEAR AGE GROUPS AND SEX FOR GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS

TABLE 14 : POPULATION 6 YRS OF AGE AND OVER BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT (LEVEL PASSED), AGE AND SEX FOR GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS .

TABLE 15 : POPULATION 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER BY AGE, SEX AND MARITAL STATUS FOR GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS

TABLE 16 : FEMALE POPULATION 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER REPORTING NO. OF CHILDREN EVER BORN BY AGE OF MOTHER FOR GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS..

TABLE 17 : FEMALE POPULATION 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER REPORTING NO. OF CHILDREN EVER BORN BY LEVEL OF EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT FOR GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS.

TABLE 18 : FEMALE POPULATION 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER REPORTING NO. OF CHILDREN STILL ALIVE BY AGE OF MOTHER FOR GEOGRAPHIC REGION.

TABLE 19 : CHILDREN BORN ALIVE IN 2037 B.S. BY AGE OF MOTHER, FOR WOMEN 10 YEARS AND ABOVE FOR GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS.

TABLE 20 : ECONOMIC ACTIVITY OF POPULATION 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER BY AGE AND SEX FOR GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS .

TABLE 21 : REASONS FOR ECONOMICALLY NOT ACTIVE POPULATION 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER FOR GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS. REASONS FOR REMAINING NOT ACTIVE

TABLE 22 : MAJOR INDUSTRY GROUP OF ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE POPULATION 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER BY AGE AND FOR GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS.

TABLE 23 : MAJOR INDUSTRY GROUP OF ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE POPULATION 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER BY AGE AND SEX FOR GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS.

TABLE 24 : EMPLOYMENT STATUS OF ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE POPULATION 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER BY AGE AND SEX FOR GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS.

TABLE 25 : MAJOR OCCUPATIONAL GROUP BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT FOR ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE POPULATION 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER BY SEX FOR GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS.

TABLE 26 : MAJOR INDUSTRY GROUP BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT FOR ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE POPULATION 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER BY SEX FOR GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS.

TABLE 27 : MARITAL STATUS BY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY FOR MALE POPULATION 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER BY AGE FOR GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS.

TABLE 28 : MARITAL STATUS BY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY FOR FEMALE POPULATION 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER BY AGE FOR GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS.

TABLE 29 : MARITAL STATUS BY MAJOR OCCUPATION GROUP FOR ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE POPULATION 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER BY AGE FOR GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS.

TABLE 30 : ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE MALE POPULATION 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER BY MAJOR OCCUPATION GROUP AND INDUSTRY DIVISION FOR GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS.

TABLE 31 : ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE FEMALE POPULATION 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER BY MAJOR OCCUPATION GROUP AND INDUSTRY DIVISION FOR GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS.

TABLE 32 : EMPLOYMENT STATUS OF ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE POPULATION 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER BY MAJOR OCCUPATION GROUP AND SEX FOR GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS.

TABLE 33 : EMPLOYMENT STATUS OF ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE POPULATION 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER BY MAJOR INDUSTRY GROUP AND SEX FOR GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS.

Table of contents

Filename Statistical table1981Volumell.zip

National Population Census 1981, Statistical Table Volume III

Title	National Population Census 1981, Statistical Table Volume III
Author(s)	Central Bureau of Statistics
Country	Nepal
Language	Nepali

Publisher(s)	Central Bureau of Statistics
Description	<p>This is the statistical table volume III of the Population Census of Nepal 1981. It contains the data related to urban areas only.</p> <p>TABLE 1 : POPULATION IN HOUSEHOLDS, TOTAL HOUSEHOLDS AND AVERAGE HOUSEHOLD SIZE TABLE 2 :NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS BY SIZE FOR TOWN PANCHAYATS NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS BY SIZE TABLE 3 :POPULATION DISTRIBUTION BY SEX FOR TOWN PANCHAYATS TABLE 4 :POPULATION DISTRIBUTION BY SINGLE YEAR OF AGE AND SEX FOR TOWN PANCHAYATS TABLE 5 :POPULATION BY FIVE-YEAR AGE GROUPS AND SEX FOR TOWN PANCHAYATS TABLE 6 :NUMBER OF LOCALITES BY SIZE OF POPULATION AND SEX FOR TOWN PANCHAYATS TABLE 7 :POPULATION DISTRIBUTION BY PLACE OF BIRTH AND SEX FOR TOWN PANCHAYATS TABLE 8 :CITIZENSHIP OF POPULATION BY AGE AND SEX FOR TOWN PANCHAYATS TABLE 9 :POPULATION BY MOTHER TONGUE, AGE AND SEX FOR TOWN PANCHAYATS TABLE 10 :TOTAL POPULATION BY RELIGION AND SEX FOR TOWN PANCHAYATS TABLE 11 :POPULATION 6 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER BY LITERACY, AGE AND SEX FOR TOWN PANCHAYATS TABLE 12 :POPULATION 6 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT(LEVEL PASSED), AGE AND SEX FOR TOWN PANCHAYATS TABLE 13 :POPULATION 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER BY AGE, SEX AND MARITAL STATUS FOR TOWN PANCHAYATS. TABLE 14 :FEMALE POPULATION 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER REPORTING NUMBER OF CHILDREN EVER BORN BY AGE OF MOTHER FOR TOWN PANCHAYATS TABLE 15 :FEMALE POPULATION 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER REPORTING NUMBER OF CHILDREN EVER BORN BY LEVEL OF EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT FOR TOWN PANCHAYATS. TABLE 16 :FEMALE POPULATION 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER REPORTING NUMBER OF CHILDREN STILL ALIVE BY AGE OF MOTHER FOR TOWN PANCHAYATS TABLE 17 :CHILDREN BORN ALIVE IN 2037 B.S. BY AGE OF MOTHER, FOR WOMEN 10 YEARS AND ABOVE FOR TOWN PANCHAYATS TABLE 18 :ECONOMIC ACTIVITY OF POPULATION 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER BY AGE AND SEX FOR TOWN PANCHAYATS TABLE 19 :REASONS FOR ECONOMICALLY NOT ACTIVE POPULATION 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER FOR TOWN PANCHAYATS REASONS FOR REMAINING NOT ACTIVE TABLE 20 :MAJOR OCCUPATION GROUP OF ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE POPULATION 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER BY AGE AND SEX FOR TOWN PANCHAYATS TABLE 21 :MAJOR INDUSTRY GROUP OF ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE POPULATION 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER BY AGE AND SEX FOR TOWN PANCHAYATS TABLE 22 :EMPLOYMENT STATUS OF ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE POPULATION 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER BY AGE AND SEX FOR TOWN PANCHAYATS TABLE 23 :MAJOR OCCUPATION GROUP BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT(LEVEL PASSED) FOR ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE POPULATION 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER BY SEX FOR TOWN PANCHAYATS TABLE 24 :MAJOR OCCUPATION GROUP BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT(LEVEL PASSED) FOR ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE POPULATION 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER BY SEX FOR TOWN PANCHAYATS TABLE 25 :MARITAL STATUS BY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY FOR MALE POPULATION 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER BY AGE FOR TOWN PANCHAYATS TABLE 26 :Population in households, total households and average household size for development regions, zones and districts. TABLE 27 :MARITAL STATUS BY ECONOMIC ACTIVITY FOR FEMALE POPULATION 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER BY AGE FOR TOWN PANCHAYATS TABLE 28 :ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE MALE POPULATION 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER BY MAJOR OCCUPATION GROUP AND INDUSTRY DIVISION FOR TOWN PANCHAYATS TABLE 29 :ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE FEMALE POPULATION 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER BY MAJOR OCCUPATION GROUP AND INDUSTRY DIVISION FOR TOWN PANCHAYATS TABLE 30 :EMPLOYMENT STATUS OF ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE POPULATION 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER BY MAJOR OCCUPATION FROUP AND SEX FOR TOWN PANCHAYAT TABLE 31 :EMPLOYMENT STATUS OF ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE POPULATION 10 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER BY MAJOR INDUSTRY GROUP AND SEX FOR TOWN PANCHAYATS</p>
Table of contents	
Filename	Statistical Table 1981 Volumelll(Urban Areas).zip

National Population Census 1981, Statistical Table Volume IV

Title	National Population Census 1981, Statistical Table Volume IV
Author(s)	Central Bureau of Statistics
Country	Nepal
Language	Nepali
Publisher(s)	Central Bureau of Statistics

Description	<p>This is the statistical table volume IV of the Population Census of Nepal 1981. It contains the data related to households only.</p> <p>TABLE 1 : POPULATION ABSENT FROM HOUSEHOLDS BY SEX, 10- YEAR AGE GROUPS, DESTINATIONS (WITHIN COUNTRY) AND REASONS FOR ABSENCE BY GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS.</p> <p>TABLE 11 : POPULATION ABSENT FROM HOUSEHOLDS BY SEX, 10- YEAR AGE GROUPS, DESTINATIONS (WITHIN COUNTRY) AND REASONS FOR ABSENCE BY GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS(CONTD...)</p> <p>TABLE 12 : POPULATION ABSENT FROM HOUSEHOLDS BY SEX, 10- YEAR AGE GROUPS, DESTINATIONS (WITHIN COUNTRY) AND REASONS FOR ABSENCE BY GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS(CONTD...)</p> <p>TABLE 13 : POPULATION ABSENT FROM HOUSEHOLDS BY SEX, 10- YEAR AGE GROUPS, DESTINATIONS (WITHIN COUNTRY) AND REASONS FOR ABSENCE BY GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS(CONTD...)</p> <p>TABLE 14 : POPULATION ABSENT FROM HOUSEHOLDS BY SEX, 10- YEAR AGE GROUPS, DESTINATIONS (WITHIN COUNTRY) AND REASONS FOR ABSENCE BY GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS(CONTD...)</p> <p>TABLE 15 : POPULATION ABSENT FROM HOUSEHOLDS BY SEX, 10- YEAR AGE GROUPS, DESTINATIONS (WITHIN COUNTRY) AND REASONS FOR ABSENCE BY GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS(CONTD...)</p> <p>TABLE 16 : POPULATION ABSENT FROM HOUSEHOLDS BY SEX, 10- YEAR AGE GROUPS, DESTINATIONS (WITHIN COUNTRY) AND REASONS FOR ABSENCE BY GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS(CONTD...)</p> <p>TABLE 17 : POPULATION ABSENT FROM HOUSEHOLDS BY SEX, 10- YEAR AGE GROUPS, DESTINATIONS (WITHIN COUNTRY) AND REASONS FOR ABSENCE BY GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS(CONTD...)</p> <p>TABLE 18 : POPULATION ABSENT FROM HOUSEHOLDS BY SEX, 10- YEAR AGE GROUPS, DESTINATIONS (WITHIN COUNTRY) AND REASONS FOR ABSENCE BY GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS(CONTD...)</p>
Table of contents	<p>TABLE 2 : POPULATION ABSENT FROM HOUSEHOLDS OF SEX, 10 YEAR AGE GROUPS, DESTINATIONS (OUT SIDE COUNTRY) AND REASONS FOR ABSENCE FOR DEVELOPMENT REGIONS, ZONES AND DISTRICTS.</p> <p>TABLE 21 : POPULATION ABSENT FROM HOUSEHOLDS OF SEX, 10 YEAR AGE GROUPS, DESTINATIONS (OUT SIDE COUNTRY) AND REASONS FOR ABSENCE FOR DEVELOPMENT REGIONS, ZONES AND DISTRICTS(CONTD..)</p> <p>TABLE 22 : POPULATION ABSENT FROM HOUSEHOLDS OF SEX, 10 YEAR AGE GROUPS, DESTINATIONS (OUT SIDE COUNTRY) AND REASONS FOR ABSENCE FOR DEVELOPMENT REGIONS, ZONES AND DISTRICTS.(CONTD...)</p> <p>TABLE 3 : POPULATION ABSENT FROM HOUSEHOLDS BY SEX, 10- YEAR AGE GROUPS, DESTINATIONS (OUTSIDE COUNTRY)</p> <p>TABLE 31 : POPULATION ABSENT FROM HOUSEHOLDS BY SEX, 10- YEAR AGE GROUPS, DESTINATIONS (OUTSIDE COUNTRY)CONTD.....</p> <p>TABLE 32 : POPULATION ABSENT FROM HOUSEHOLDS BY SEX, 10- YEAR AGE GROUPS, DESTINATIONS (OUTSIDE COUNTRY)CONTD.....</p> <p>TABLE 4 : DEATHS DURING LAST YEAR (PRIOR TO THE DATA OF ENUMERATION) BY SEX AND AGE FOR DEVELOPMENT REGIONS, ZONES AND DISTRICTS.</p> <p>TABLE 5 : NUMBER OF DISABLED PERSONS BY SEX AND AGE FOR DEVELOPMENT REGIONS, ZONES AND DISTRICTS.</p> <p>TABLE 6 : CLASSIFICATION OF DISABLED PERSONS BY AILMENTS, SEX AND AGE FOR DEVELOPMENT REGIONS, ZONES AND DISTRICTS.</p> <p>TABLE 7 : TOTAL NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH RADIO SERVICE AND NUMBER OF RADIOS IN USE FOR DEVELOPMENT REGIONS, ZONES & DISTRICTS.</p>
Filename	Statistical Table 1981 VolumeIV (Household).zip